	Risk Assessment			
Risk	StageSoc General Risk Assessment		Date:	04/10/2023
Assessment for	Training, tidying and other general activities within performance areas and storage spaces. Set			
the activity of:	builds, get-ins and get-outs, tech rehearsal, dress rehearsals and performances.			
Group Name:	SUSU Stage Technicians' Society	Assessor:	James Turner	(Annex Officer)
Supervisor:	Simon Ruddock (Society President)	Signed off:	SUSU Activiti	es Team

PART A - Risk assessment

(1) Risk Identifie	cation		(2) Risk assessment						(3) Risk management			
		Who might	In	here	nt		Re	sidu	al			
		be harmed	8				5					
		(See Risk	Ö	4			ĕ	t				
	Potential	Groups	elih	gc	ore		ikelih	ac	ore			
Hazard	Consequences	section)	Lik	d m l	Sco	Control Measures	Lik	lmg	Scc	Further Controls		

Section 1 - Common risks encountered

Carrying Heavy	Short- and long-	Х	4	4	16	All StageSoc members receive H&S training, which includes	2	4	8	
Loads	term injury from					manual handling training.				
	incorrect lifting					Crew must ensure that they follow proper lifting procedure,				
	technique					reminding others when necessary.				
						Ensure that the lift is planned beforehand, including route and				
						destination and communicate this to all involved.				
						Ensure that all crew members are aware of their own capabilities				
						and are not pushed to exceed them.				
						Crew encouraged to use gloves and other Personal Protective				
						Equipment (PPE) when they deem necessary.				
						When carrying, breaks should be taken every 10m or where				
						necessary.				

Moving of flight	Injuries from	GX	4	4	16	All StageSoc members receive H&S training, which includes	2	4 8	
cases / staging	movement of	U.X.	4	4	10	manual handling training.	Ζ	4 0	
/ palettes /	equipment					Crew must ensure that they follow proper lifting procedure,			
bulky	equipment					reminding others when necessary.			
equipment						Crew are to wear steel-toe-capped boots when handling deck,			
equipment						and sturdy footwear for other handling (e.g. not to wear flip-flops).			
						Where possible, items should be transported on wheels.			
						All crew to be aware of surroundings whilst moving in public			
						areas (e.g. Highfield campus) and a designated leader should			
						clear the way of pedestrians.			
Falling from	Injuries from	Х		4	16	All StageSoc members receive H&S training, which includes	2		Ladder inspections to
height (ladders)	falling to		4	4	10	training on the proper use of ladders.	2	4 <mark>8</mark>	be carried out by the
neight (ladders)	ground, fragile					Ensure that all locking pins are secure whilst the ladder is in use.			Annex Officer every 3
	surfaces or					Ensure that the ladder is being footed by another member of crew			months, and after
						where appropriate (such as while lifting heavier loads).			
	being impaled					Ensure ladder has an in-date inspection tag attached.			any incident involving
	onto items					No crew member should carry excessive loads up ladders (e.g. a			a ladder.
	below					rope and pulley system should be used to raise heavy loads).			
						If any item is dropped, a loud verbal warning must be given (e.g.			
						"Heads!").			
Items dropped	Head injuries	BCGX	5	4	20	All StageSoc members receive H&S training, which includes	2	4 8	Ladder inspections to
from height	from items (e.g.	Deax	5	4	20	training on safe working at height.	Ζ	4 8	be carried out by the
nonneight	spanners)					Ensure that all crew members are aware of their own capabilities			Annex Officer every 3
						carrying loads up ladders and are not pushed to exceed them.			
	dropped from								months, and after
	height					Avoid intentionally dropping items from height if possible, even if			any incident involving
						area below seems clear. If unavoidable, warn those in vicinity.			a ladder.
						Secure tools to user/ladder using lanyards whenever possible.			
						Ensure others are aware of work going on at height and that the			
						area directly under the ladder is kept clear.			
						No crew member should carry excessive loads up ladders (e.g. A			
						rope and pulley system should be used to raise heavy loads).			
						If any item is dropped, a loud verbal warning must be given (e.g.			
						"Heads!").			

Touching hot	Burns from	Х	4	3	12	Ensure that all crew members are aware of safe working	1	3	3	If burn occurs, treat
lanterns	contact with hot					methods, including knowing where the lantern is safe and not				under cool, running
	lanterns					safe to touch.				water as soon as
						Ensure person up ladder is aware which lights are on.				possible.
						If possible allow lantern to cool before moving.				
						Use yoke or handles to move lantern at low power.				
						Use PPE where appropriate (e.g. Gloves).				
Fixtures falling	Wide range of	ABCGX	2	4	8	Ensure that clamps are done up tightly and that safety chains /	1	4	4	Annex Officer to carry
due to failure of	injuries from					bonds are used for hanging fixtures. These are to be rated for 10x				out a set inspection
rigging	falling objects					static fixture weight.				before set is used by
hardware						Ensure that bars are adequately secured to the ceiling/walls with				cast and report
						each use and that any extra bars are firmly secured to those pre-				anything that needs
						installed.				to be rectified to the
						All weight-bearing equipment should be tested and limits adhered				Technical Director.
						to.				
						Crew should not overload installed or extra bars.				
Falling set or	Wide range of	ABCGX	4	4	16	Flats should be stored properly and roped against the wall where	2	4	8	Annex Officer to carry
materials	injuries from			-		possible.	_	-		out a set inspection
	falling objects					Avoid unstable stacking of sheet materials/set etc. especially in				before set is used by
	5,					public areas.				cast.
						Flats on stage must be securely fixed by wire/rope or braces.				
Truss / scenery	Wide range of	ABCGX	4	5	20	Ensure all truss / bars are adequately secured to the ceiling/walls	1	5	5	
collapsing	injuries from					or are correctly and adequately supported from the ground with				4
	heavy falling					stands/legs.				
	objects					Do not overload truss/bars/stands.				

Fire risk from	Serious burns	ABCGX	4	5	20	Ensure lanterns are placed a suitable distance away from set,	2	5	10	Annex Officer is to
lanterns	and smoke					drapes, etc.				check that all fabrics
	inhalation,					Ensure lanterns are PAT tested according to industry				on the stage that do
	possible loss of					recommendations and cleaned of dust.				not form part of the
	life or property					Ensure all set, drapes, fabric, masking etc. have been sufficiently				standard stage
	damage					recently treated with an appropriate fire retardant sufficiently				draperies have been
	C C					recently.				adequately treated
										with flame retardant.
Spread of fire	Serious burns	ABCGX	4	5	20	Ensure that scenery, props and masking are built from inherently	1	5	5	
by combustible	and smoke					fire retardant materials if possible.				-
materials	inhalation,					Alternatively, treat with suitable fire retardant.				
	possible loss of					Keep combustible materials away from sources of ignition.				
	life or property									
	damage									
Incorrect use of	Major injury	СХ	5	5	25	Ensure that all personnel using tools are properly trained and are	2	4	8	All powered tools will
power tools	from tools					competent to use them.				undergo regular
						Tools should be plugged into a supply protected by an RCD circuit				maintenance and
						breaker or used with a standalone plug-in RCD.				cleaning, with
						Ensure tools are kept in a good state of repair and have not had				additional
						safety features disabled, in accordance with PUWER.				maintenance if faults
						Ensure tool is visually inspected before every use.				are reported. This is
						Work pieces should be properly secured/supported and guides				to be done every 2
						clamped in place.				months due to their
						Hands and hair should be kept clear of blades/bits/etc.				frequency of use.
						Appropriate PPE (e.g. eye protection, dust masks, ear defenders				Cast are only allowed
						etc.) should be worn when using power tools.				to use battery-
										powered drills for the
										purpose of undoing
										screws in set during a
										get-out.

Incorrect use of	Minor injury	Х	5	3	15	Ensure that all personnel using tools are properly trained and are	2	3	3 6	6	Hand tools are to be
hand tools	from tools					competent to use them.	<u> </u>				inspected every
						Ensure tools are kept in a good state of repair.	1				month, with
						Work pieces should be properly secured/supported and guides					damaged items
						clamped in place.					removed from use
						Hands and hair should be kept clear of blades/bits/etc.					and replaced.
Using paints /	Respiratory	CGX	4	3	12	Follow instructions on containers and use in well-ventilated areas	2	3	3 6	6	
varnishes /	distress (or long-			I		or outdoors when instructed to do so.	<u> </u>	-			
solvent-based	term illness) or					Take particular care with coatings that have a high VOC content,	1				
chemicals	eye damage					and only use in well-ventilated areas, or outdoors.					
						Wear respiratory PPE if necessary.					
Use of COSHH	Long-term	GΧ	4	3	12	Keep COSHH items locked in a designated cupboard when not in	2	3	3 6	6	Substances classified
designated	illness from					use.	<u> </u>	-			as COSHH are not to
substances	exposure to					Have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) immediately available.]				be used by any
	substances					Minimise exposure to substances.					person that is not a
						Use in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.					trained StageSoc
										_	member.
Injury from	Minor puncture	BCGX	4	3	12	Nails / screws should be recessed or flush with surfaces.	2	3	3 6	6	Annex Officer to carry
nails, needles,	wounds					Any protrusions should be covered to reduce the risk of injury and					out a set inspection
pins, splinters						people should be made aware of the risk.					before set is used by
etc.						Appropriate, sturdy footwear to be worn at all times.					cast.
						Plane or sand wood to remove splinters.					
						Exercise extra care when moving unfinished set pieces or					
						dismantling set as splinters / protruding nails may be present;					
						advise people to wear gloves.					
						Good housekeeping should be maintained e.g. stage should be					
						swept regularly.	-				
						Costumers should take reasonable precautions to avoid injury					
						from pins and needles, including being properly trained on the					
						safe use of sewing machines etc.					

Risk of fire from	Serious burns	ABCGX	4	5	20	PAT (Portable Appliance Test) equipment according to industry	2	5	10	Equipment that fails
electrical	and smoke					recommendations.				PAT testing or shows
appliances	inhalation,					Inspect equipment for signs of wear/damage before each use.				signs of damage is
	possible loss of					Use appropriate cables and fuses for installation.				taken out of use and
	life or property					Ensure all set, drapes, fabric, masking etc. have been sufficiently				replaced or repaired
	damage					recently treated with an appropriate fire retardant sufficiently				by a competent
	-					recently.				person.
Electric shock	Major cardiac	ABCX	4	5	20	PAT (Portable Appliance Test) equipment according to industry	2	5	10	Due to the frequency
	injury from					recommendations.				and nature of their
	electric current					Ensure that equipment has valid PAT certification / sticker if hired.				use, all electrical
						Inspect equipment for signs of wear/damage before each use.				items are to receive a
						Use appropriate cables and fuses for installation.				combined inspection
						Ensure equipment is unplugged before servicing / replacing blown				and test every 12
						lamps etc.				months. Hand-
						Equipment should only be serviced by those sufficiently competent				operated machinery
						and experienced to service them.				and equipment that
						Lighting equipment should only be handled while live for focusing				uses water (e.g.
						and extra care should be taken.				kettles) are to receive
						Stage / truss should be earthed when electrical appliances are				a combined
						used.				inspection and test
						Inform all persons of the location of electrical isolator switches				every 6 months.
						and nearest telephone for use in the event of an emergency.				-
Trip hazards	Grazes and	ABCGX	5	3	15	Avoid routing cables across walkways if possible (e.g. by taping	2	3	6	Annex Officer to carry
(e.g. cables and	sprains from					over doors etc.).				out a set inspection
set)	tripping					Tape cables down where they have to be run across floors.				before set is used by
						Ensure fire exit routes are kept clear of obstructions.				cast.
						Clearly mark hazards.				
						Ensure that good housekeeping is maintained.				

Loud noise	Hearing	ВСХ		4	16	Avoid excessive volumes. Where excessive noise levels are	2	4	8	
	damage from		-	7	10	necessary limit the time period, and ensure that only necessary	2	4	0	
	noise					personnel are in the vicinity.				
						Advise the use of ear plugs if the noise level is above 87dB(A).				
						Ensure persons operating sound equipment are sufficiently trained				
						and competent.				
						Follow industry good practice and advice from HSE.				
Dehydration &	Fatigue and	всх	4	4	16	If any person feels or appears unwell or tired they should be	2	4	8	Everybody should
Exhaustion	Dehydration					encouraged to rehydrate and rest.	2		Ŭ	monitor each other
	,					If any person feels or appears unwell or tired they should not be				for symptoms.
						allowed to work at height or with power tools.				
						Ensure water / fluids are available for all cast and crew.				
						Work for prolonged periods of time should be discouraged.				
						If extended working hours are needed then time should be				
						planned to allow for rest / rehydration / eating.				
Working in low	Minor injury	всх	4	4	16	Ensure everyone is aware of periods of dim lighting / blackout	3	4	12	
light	from scrapes or				10	before they occur.	5			
5	collisions					Ensure crew are aware that risks are increased in dim light.				
						Avoid working in complete blackout.				
						Ensure that members are aware of procedures for working in dim				
						light including no running.				
						Advise the use of head torches for persons carrying out other				
						activities.				
						Brief crew and cast of trip hazards in wing / working spaces,				
						walkways to be kept clear.				
						Members should be aware of their own H&S.				
						Ensure good communication is kept throughout the process.				

Section 2 - Ad	ditional risks the	at may occu	r in s	som	e pro	oduction weeks				
Putting up /	Major injuries	Х	4	4	16	All StageSoc members receive H&S training, which includes	2	4	8	
taking down	from improper					manual handling training.				
staging	handling (e.g.					Crew encouraged to use gloves and other Personal Protective				
	back strain)					Equipment (PPE) when they deem necessary.				
						The use of steel toe-capped boots or shoes is required to handle				
						and move deck.				
						All others present should be wearing appropriate, sturdy footwear				
						(no sandals, flip-flops etc.).				
						Staging should be bolted together as soon as possible.				
						People should not walk on top of the staging whilst people are				
						bolting it together (unless both parties are aware of the other's				
						activities and extra care is taken).				
						Take care that legs have not come loose from the staging before				
						taking it down, ensure that any loose legs are removed safely, and				
						not allowed to fall uncontrollably.				
Injury from	Major injury	ВСХ	4	4	16		2	4	8	Rehearsals are not
incomplete set	from falling from					out of a show as set pieces may not have been securely fixed or				permitted on stages
(staging)	incomplete set					have had safety features fitted (e.g. hand rails).				where the staging
						Any incomplete set should be highlighted to the Technical				(the raised platforms)
						Director.				is incomplete, or
						Technical director should make sure all personnel are made aware				where the incomplete
						of any incomplete set, verbally or by means of signage.				set is in a hazardous
						All staging should be completed and bolted as soon as is				state.
						reasonably possible.				Annex Officer to carry
										out a set inspection
										before set is used by
										cast.

Falling from	Major injury	BCX	4	4	16	High stairs / platforms (5ft and over) should have handrails fitted.	2	4	8	Annex Officer to carry
height (staging)	from falling from					All stairs coming off the raised platform / staging should have				out a set inspection
	staging					handrails.				before set is used by
						Mark all platform edges with white tape.				cast.
						If there are several steps they should all be of equal height.				
						Avoid gaps between staging and ramps / stairs.				
						Raised toe boards to be added on all sides of raised band "pit"				
						areas to prevent chair legs sliding off the back of raised platforms.				
						Steep stairs must be treated as, and climbed as a ladder, facing				
						inwards while climbing or descending.				
						The crew should be reminded of dangers during get-in / get-out				
						when edges may not be taped or hand rails may have not been				
						fitted.				
Stage	Major injury	BCX	4	5	20	Secure stage pieces together with appropriate connecting blocks	1	5	5	Annex Officer to carry
Collapsing	from collapsing					or bolts and tighten thoroughly.				out a set inspection
	stage					Ensure clamps on legs are adequately secured.				before set is used by
						Do not overload staging.				cast.
						Ensure that stage pieces are safe to use (all clamps work correctly)				
Stairs	Major injury	ВСХ	4	4	16	Ensure stairs are properly assembled and secured to each other /	2	4	8	Annex Officer to carry
Collapsing	from collapsing					the stage.				out a set inspection
	stairs					Do not overload stairs.				before set is used by
						Ensure that competent persons oversee the construction.			_	cast.
Theatrical	Respiratory	ABCX	4	4	16	Crew should be advised of the use of smoke so that any medical	2	4	8	If Oil-based fluid is
Smoke	Distress, minor					problems can be identified in advance.				used then all persons
	injuries from					Signs should be posted or a pre-show announcement made to				should be informed of
	impaired vision					inform the audience that smoke will be used.				the hazards that this
						If someone has trouble breathing after inhalation of smoke, they				type of smoke can
						should be taken to clean air and kept under supervision.				cause. Refer to the
						Events switch is used to set fire alarm system to heat detection				MSDS for further
						only to prevent accidental fire evacuation procedure.				details.
						Ensure people are aware of the geography of the stage, and the				
						risks associated with lowered visibility.				
						Provision should be made for rapid clearing of smoke.				

Strobe Lighting	Possible	АВСХ	3	4	 Before the strobe is used it should be ensured that nobody in the	1	4	4	
	inducement of				cast, crew or production are affected. If someone could be				
	epileptic fits and				affected, provisions should be considered such as them leaving				
	injuries arising				the room.				
	from impaired				During rehearsals a warning should be given before any strobes				
	spatial				are used where possible.				
	awareness				Signs should be posted or a pre-show announcement made to				
	during flashing				inform the audience that strobe lighting will be used.				
	daning nashing				Crew should be made aware of the procedures to be followed				
					should someone have a seizure (i.e. remove local hazards).				

Section 3 - Cryogenics

Use of cryogenics is subject to the "StageSoc Cryogenic Safety Information" document, available on the StageSoc Filestore. This requires a safety briefing to be given to all cast and crew before any use of cryogenics.

	ew before any use	e of cryogenic	.3.		_			•		
Handling of	Burns arising	Х	5	4	20	An insulating polystyrene container of sufficient thickness is used	2	4	8	
cryogenic	from contact					to contain cryogenic substances.				
Materials	with cryogenic									
	materials due to									
	improper									
	storage									
Storage of	Minor injury	ВСХ	5	4	20	Container lid will be loose and lightweight as to allow built-up gas	2	4	8	
cryogenic	from projected					to escape easily from the container.		I		
materials	material, caused									
	by pressure									
	build-up in									
	storage									
	container									
Storage of	Hypothermia	ABCGX	4	4	16	Cryogenic materials will not be stored in any show venue	2	4	8	The Technical
cryogenic	and Hypoxia					overnight. They are collected daily for each performance.				Director is to appoint
materials	caused by build-					Whilst not on stage the cryogenic materials shall be kept in a				a Cryogenic
	up of noxious					controlled storage location with adequate ventilation.				Supervisor, who is
	gases					The auditorium will be well-ventilated.				responsible for the
										handling and
										dispensing of
										cryogenic material.
										The StageSoc
										committee is to be
										notified of this
										appointment.

Handling of	Burns arising	CX	4	3	12	Rubber gloves meeting BS EN 511 will be worn during the	2	3	6	
cryogenic	from contact					handling of cryogenic substances whilst not in a suitable				
Materials	with cryogenic					container, or whilst being decanted.				
	materials					Personnel are instructed not to touch cryogenic material with bare				
						hands.				
						The storage container shall be kept in a controlled storage				
						location with adequate ventilation.				
Handling of	Burns arising	С	5	4	20	Only necessary personnel to handle substances.	2	4	8	
cryogenic	from contact					To avoid contact with bare hands, cast are to only handle				
Materials whilst	with cryogenic					substances inside a container.				
onstage	materials									

Section 4 - Pyrotechnics A: Naked Flames

This risk assessment does not cover the use of any other pyrotechnic effect, other than naked flames. The use of other pyrotechnic effects is subject to separate risk assessment by a qualified pyrotechnician. A safety briefing is to be given to all cast and crew before any use of pyrotechnics.

Combustibles	Serious burns	ABCGX	5	5	25	All combustibles on stage to be sprayed with flame-retardant	2	4	8	The fire warden is to
on stage, within	and smoke					chemicals to inhibit ignition.				be competent and the
vicinity of	inhalation,					Naked flames to be kept away from highly combustible materials.				committee notified of
naked flames	possible loss of					Airborne combustibles (e.g. confetti) not to be used in the vicinity				their appointment.
	life or property					of naked flames.				Annex Officer to test
	damage					Have a fire extinguisher at the side of stage in case of fire. To be				the fire resistance of
	5					used by a dedicated crew member (a "fire warden") waiting by the				combustibles onstage
						side of the stage whilst the flame is lit.				during the set
										inspection.
Combustible	Serious burns	С	5	5	25	Costume design is to minimise loose or dangling items / parts or	2	4	8	Annex Officer to test
costumes	and smoke					baggy areas to minimise chance of accidental contact with flame.				the fire resistance of
within vicinity	inhalation,					Fire retardant materials to be used for costume construction				a sample of costume
of naked flames	possible loss of					wherever possible / appropriate.				materials during the
	life or property									set inspection.
	damage									
People within	Serious burns	ABCX	5	5	25	Cast nearby or holding flames to be instructed about safe	2	3	6	The designated,
vicinity of	and smoke					practices (no running, sudden movements, flailing of limbs etc.),				qualified first aider
flames	inhalation,					and acting adjusted where necessary to reduce unnecessary				should be available
	possible loss of					"exposure" to flames.				backstage, with first
	life or property					Burns appropriate first aid available at all times.				aid kit, during scenes
	damage									where naked flames
	6									are used.

Section 5 - Sec	urity									
Unauthorised	Harm to public	ABCGX	4	3	12	Use construction barriers in foyer to block public access to work	1	3	3	Security Supervisor to
access by public during set builds	by incomplete set, damage to set by public			<u>I</u>		carried out in foyer during set builds. Building 2A (Annex) doors on external ID card access from 6PM onwards to prevent public access out-of-hours. Annex doors on internal ID card access from 11PM onwards to prevent public access out-of-hours. Annex doors to be controlled by crew and cast while public are				be notified in advance of late-night working beyond 11PM.
				1	1	present for shows.			1	
Lone Working	Wide range of injuries arising from lone working	ВСХ	3	5	15	Lone working is forbidden, members are not to be working alone in the Annex.	1	5	5	
Threat to safety travelling late at night	Distress, Minor injuries	ABCGX	2	3	6	Members encouraged to travel to / from activities in groups.	1	3	3	

PART B - Action Plan

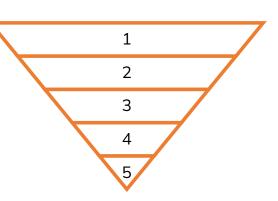
Risk Assessment Action Plan

Part no.	Action to be taken, incl. Cost	By Whom	Target Date	Review Date	Outcome at review Date
1	Individual Risk assessments for	TD for the show.	Two weeks prior to	Committee members	
	shows with higher risk and		show week commencing	to review at the next	
	anything not covered by this			possible committee	
	general risk assessment.			meeting after	
				completion.	
2	Any use of pyrotechnics requires		Two weeks prior to	Committee members	
	an additional risk assessment.	pyrotechnician.	show week commencing	to review at the next	
				possible committee	
				meeting after	
				completion.	
3	This risk assessment is subject	Relevant committee members.	One year from the date	Rest of committee	
	to review annually or after any		of this risk assessment	members to review at	
	major incident.		being carried out	the next possible	
				committee meeting	
				after completion.	

Responsible Committee Member Signatur	e:	Responsible Committee Member Signature:	doork
Print Name: James Turner	Date: 04/10/23	Print Name: Simon Ruddock	Date: 04/10/23

Risk Assessment Guidance

Control Measure Hierarchy		
Eliminate	Remove the hazard wherever possible which negates the need for further controls.	If not possible then explain why.
Substitute	Replace the hazard with one less hazardous.	If not possible then explain why.
Physical Controls	Examples: enclosure, fume cupboard, glove box.	Likely to still require admin controls as well.
Admin Controls	Examples: training, supervision, signage.	
Personal Protection	Examples: respirators, safety specs, gloves.	Last resort as it only protects the individual.



Risk	Risk Assessment Matrix									
0	5	5	10	15	20	25				
100	4	4	8	12	16	20				
гікегіноор	3	3	6	9	12	15				
IKE.	2	2	4	6	8	10				
	1	1	2	3	4	5				
		1	2	3	4	5				
			11	ИРАС	Т					

Likelih	Likelihood							
1	Rare	eg. 1 in 100,000 chance or higher						
2	Unlikely	eg. 1 in 10,000 chance or higher						
3	Possible	eg. 1 in 1,000 chance or higher						
4	Likely	eg. 1 in 100 chance or higher						
5	Very Likely	eg. 1 in 10 chance or higher						

Impo	mpact					
1	Trivial- insignificant	Very minor injuries eg. slight bruising.				
2	Minor	Injuries or illness eg. Small cut or abrasion which require				
2		basic first aid treatment even if self-administered.				
3	Moderate	Injuries or illness eg. Strain or sprain requiring first aid or				
5	Moderate	medical support.				
4	Major	Injuries or illness eg. Broken bone requiring medical support				
4		> 24 hours and time off work >4 weeks.				
5	Severe - extremely	Fatality or multiple serious injuries or illness requiring				
5	significant	hospital admission or significant time off work.				

Risk	Risk Groups							
Δ	Audience	People that enter performance locations						
A	Audience	as patrons.						
в	Band	Members of the show company that are						
В	Вына	primarily located in the band "pit".						
с	Cast	All other members of a show company,						
C	Cusi	including production team.						
G	General	Any member of the public not attending						
G	Public	a show.						
x	Crew	Any person that is involved with						
^	Crew	technical aspects of a show.						